

# 2018 Agenda for the Reference Committee on Health of the Public & Science

National Conference of Constituency Leaders — Sheraton Kansas City Hotel at Crown Center

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# **Resolution No. 3001**

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1 2	Implicit Bias
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Submitted by: Ivonne McLean, MD, New Physician Betsy Gilbertson, MD, New Physician Emily Young, DO, MPH, MA, New Physician Mercedes Giles, MD, General Registrant Natalie Hinchcliffe, DO, LGBT Tabatha Wells, MD, FAAFP, New Physician Daniel Neghassi, MD, Minority
11 12 13	WHEREAS, The American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) recognizes that "health is a basic human right" and
14 15	WHEREAS, the AAFP opposes racial and other forms of discrimination against patients, and
16 17 18	WHEREAS, implicit bias is defined as the attitudes or stereotypes that affect our understanding, actions, and decisions in an unconscious manner, and
19 20 21	WHEREAS, these biases encompases both favorable and unfavorable assessments and are activated involuntarily which has been linked as a cause of poor health outcomes, and
22 23	WHEREAS, there is existing evidence linking racial disparities to maternal and infant mortality, and
24 25 26 27	WHEREAS, it is the AAFP policy for all family physicians to provide culturally proficient health care and infuse multicultural perspectives into initiatives and recruit and retain diverse individuals, to prepare the workforce to work with diverse individuals, and
28 29 30	WHEREAS, implicit biases create differential health care service offerings and delivery and affect the effectiveness of care provided, including lack of cultureal competance, and
31 32 33 34	WHEREAS, for example, African American women are more likely to give birth to low-birthweight infants, and their newborns experience higher infant death rates that are not associated with any biological differences, even after accounting for socioeconomic factors and
35 36 37	WHEREAS, clinicians can reduce the impact of implicit bias through training and organizational support, and
38 39 40	WHEREAS, the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education program requirements include a resident's ability to "communicate effectively with patients, families, and the public, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic and cultural backgrounds," and

WHEREAS, the AAFP has created the Center for Diversity and Health Equity and subsequently the EveryONE Project which aims to address social determinants of health by providing AAFP members with education and information about health equity, now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians create a policy statement defining implicit bias and recognizing its impact on disparities of care, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians encourage the Review Committee of Family Medicine (RC-FM) of the AAccreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education to include implicit bias trainings within residency education core curriculum, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians create continuing medical education opportunities around implicit bias, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians encourage research on the effects of implicit bias on patient outcomes and how education around this topic can have measurable and positive effects on population health and individual practice.



Comprehensive Sex Education in Schools

### Resolution No. 3002

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3 Submitted by: Lindsey Kurdi Wood, DO, General Registrant 4 Sarah Ledger, DO, Women 5 Bridget Lynch, MD, Women 6 Juan Carlos Venis, MD, LGBT 7 Nykki Boersma, MD, Women 8 Mara Groom, DO, New Physician 9 10 WHEREAS, The American Academy of Family Physicians policy statement entitled, "Adolescent 11 Health Care, Sexuality and Contraception" encourages family physicians to engage in 12 comprehensive sexual education with their patients, and 13 14 WHEREAS, national policy and funding for sexual education in public schools is shifting toward 15 "sexual-risk avoidance" education from comprehensive sexual education, and 16 17 WHEREAS, when adjusting for age, gender, race, income, residence, and family intactness, 18 abstinence-only education is not significantly associated with teen pregnancy when compared with 19 no sexual education, and 20 21 WHEREAS, in a study by Kohler, Manhart, and Lafferty, when comparing abstinence-only education 22 and comprehensive sexual education, there was a 50% reduction in teenage pregnancies, and 23 24 WHEREAS, sexual education is lacking in many public schools, with students from low-income 25 families, African American families, or rural areas are more likely to receive no sexual education at 26 all. and 27 28 WHEREAS, the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), United Nations Education, Scientific, and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) and many researchers promote comprehensive sexual education 29

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WHEREAS, UNFPA and UNESCO recommend sexual education that is scientifically accurate about human rights, gender norms, and power in relationships (including consent and decision making, sexual coercion, intimate-partner and gender-based violence, and sexual diversity), the body, puberty, reproduction, and sexual health (including STIs/HIV and AIDS, unintended pregnancy, condoms, and contraception), and

that emphasizes social context, especially gender and rights, within programs, and

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WHEREAS, as family physicians, our population is significantly affected by changes in national policy regarding sexual education in public schools, now, therefore, be it

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RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians act to promote health education programs within public elementary, middle, and high schools that are age-appropriate, culturally relevant, and include evidence-based medical information regarding contraception, sexually transmitted infection (STI) prevention, consent, and lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgendered, questioning, intersexual, and asexual/ally (LGBTQIA) issues.



Revision of Reproductive Health Policies Wording

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## **Resolution No. 3003**

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3 Submitted by: Megan Vigil, MD, LGBT 4 Kristi VanDerKolk, MD, General Registrant 5 Martha Simmons, MD, General Registrant 6 Carrie Pierce, MD, Women 7 8 WHEREAS, The current American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) policy on reproductive health states the AAFP supports a woman's access to reproductive health services and opposes 9 10 nonevidence-based restrictions on medical care and the provision of such services (2014 COD). 11 and 12 13 WHEREAS, current AAFP policy on Coverage for Reproductive Decisions states that AAFP endorses the principle that women receiving health care paid for through health plans funded by 14 state or federal governments who have coverage for continuing a pregnancy also should have 15 16 coverage for ending a pregnancy (2017 December BOD), and 17 18 WHEREAS, universal coverage of In Vitro Fertilization (IVF) has been associated with increased 19 access to IVF treatment with decreased rates of multiple births, premature births, neonatal intensive care unit admissions and the cost per live birth, now, therefore, be it 20 21

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) modify its Reproductive Health Policy to specify that the AAFP support a person's access to comprehensive reproductive health services, including prenatal care, full spectrum family planning, and assisted reproductive technology and opposes nonevidence-based restrictions on medical care and the provision of such services, and be it further

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) modify its policy on Coverage for Reproductive Decisions to specify that the AAFP endorse the principle that persons receiving health care paid for through health plans funded by state or federal governments who have coverage for continuing a pregnancy also should have coverage for ending a pregnancy in addition to coverage for assisted reproductive technology.



#### Resolution No. 3004

2018 National Conference of Constituency Leaders — Sheraton Kansas City Hotel at Crown Center

Update to "Prevention and Control of Sexually Transmitted and Blood Borne Infections" Policy

2 Statement 3 4 Submitted by: Juan Carlos Venis, MD, LGBT 5 Joseph Freund, MD, FAAFP, LGBT 6 7 WHEREAS, The current American Academy of Family Physicians policy entitled "Prevention and Control of Sexually Transmitted and Blood Borne Infections" is inconsistent with current evidence-8 9 based guidelines and best clinical practice, and 10 WHEREAS, the physician-patient relationship and an affirming sexual health history interview are 11 invaluable in the prevention of sexually transmitted infections, and 12 13 14 WHEREAS, strategies for safer sex are not limited to abstinence, monogamous relationships, and barriers, but also include, and are not limited to, strategies such as encouraging patients to talk 15 with partners about their status and history, individualized screening recommendations based on 16 risk criteria, discussing safe use of toys and prosthetics, and pharmaceutical prophylaxis, now, 17 18 therefore, be it 19 20 RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians Commission on Science and Health of the Public update the language of the Prevention and Control of Sexually Transmitted 21 and Blood Borne Infections policy statement to reflect current evidence-based guidelines and best 22 23 clinical practice.



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1 Including Medical Resources and Referral Information on Anti-bullying Websites 2 3 Submitted by: Patrick Simpson, MD, LGBT 4 Marian Allen, MD, LGBT 5 Seema Shah, MD, MPH, General Registrant 6 Marilou Gonzalez, MD, Minority 7 8 WHEREAS, Bullying is ubiquitous in all corners of society, indiscriminate of age, race, nationality, gender, sexual orientation or identity, or socioeconomic status, and 9 10 WHEREAS, the American Academy of Family Physicians has recognized through official policy 11 and scholarly articles that family physicians can help prevent the negative consequences of 12 bullying, and 13 14 15 WHEREAS, anti-bullying websites serve as popular resources for families, educational staff and 16 the public, but lack the inclusion of physicians as a resource, now, therefore, be it 17 18 RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians advocate for the inclusion of 19 medical resources and referral information on major non-profit anti-bullying websites, and be it 20 further 21 22 RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) send a letter 23 recommending the incorporation of links to physician professional organizations including AAFP 24 and American Academy of Pediatrics to websites such as StopBullying.gov, StompOutBullying.org 25 and other appropriate organizations, and be it further 26 27 RESOLVED, That the above referenced letter include a statement recommending the individual 28 who is seeking resources consult their primary care physician.



Menstrual Equity

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## **Resolution No. 3006**

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3	Submitted by:	Rachel Franklin, MD, FAAFP, Women		
4		Sandra Hughes, MD, Women		
5		Cathleen London, MD, Women		
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7	WHEREAS, Lack	of access to menstrual support products causes absenteeism in education and		
8	employment among menstruating persons, and			
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10	WHEREAS, in the	absence of access to sanitary menstrual support, menstruating persons seek		
11	alternatives that in	crease their risk for infection, hunger or other adverse health outcomes, and		
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13	WHEREAS, acces	WHEREAS, access to free toilet paper and hand soap in restrooms is mandated by the federal		
14	government, but m	government, but menstrual products are deemed "luxury items," and		
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16	WHEREAS, most	WHEREAS, most American programs designed to help low-income families, including Medicaid,		
17	SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, i.e. food stamps) and WIC (Special			
18	Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children) exclude menstrual products,			
19	even though the Federal Drug Administration considers them "medical products," and			
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21	WHEREAS, the Ar	merican Academy of Family Physicians has defined social determinants of health		
22	as "the conditions under which people are born, grow, live, work, and age," and			
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24	WHEREAS, the U	nited Nations has declared menstrual hygiene a public-health, gender-equality,		
25	and human rights i	ssue, now, therefore, be it		
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27	RESOLVED, That	the American Academy of Family Physicians issue a policy statement declaring		
28	access to menstru	al hygiene a public-health, gender-equality, and human rights issue, and		
29	represents a socia	I determinant of health, and be it further		
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31	RESOLVED, That	the American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) provide access to		
32		products in restrooms at AAFP offices and all conference venues, whether at		
33		ontract with venues.		



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1	Non-discrimination Against PrEP Users		
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3	Submitted by: Sarah Marks, MD, FAAFP, LGBT		
4	Scott Hartman, MD, FAAFP, General Registrant		
5	Margaret Smith, MD, MPH, MHSA, Minority		
6	Jen Brull, MD FAAFP, Women		
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8	WHEREAS, Discrimination against patients who take pre-exposure prophylaxis for HIV (PrEP) has		
9	been reported when purchasing life or health insurance, and		
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11	WHEREAS, the potential prohibition against obtaining life or health insurance might discourage		
12	patients, who would otherwise benefit, from taking PrEP, and		
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14	WHEREAS, the American Academy of Family Physicians has existing policy supporting the use of		
15	PrEP, now, therefore, be it		
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17	RESOLVED, That language opposing discrimination in the purchase of life or health insurance by		
18	people taking pre-exposure prophylaxis for HIV be included in the American Academy of Family		
19	Physcian's statement entitled "Prevention and Control of Sexually Transmitted and Blood Borne		
20	Infections."		



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## **Resolution No. 3008**

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1	Reduce Sexual Harassment of Female Physicians and Trainees
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Submitted by: Alison Block, MD, Women Vivienne Rose, MD, Minority Jessica Heselschwerdt, MD, Women Cathleen London, MD, Women Anne Toledo, MD, General Registrant
9 10 11	WHEREAS, The pervasiveness of sexual harassment and discrimination in our culture has recently gained more attention, and
12 13 14 15	WHEREAS, existing American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) policy discourages various forms of harassment but does not adequately address the negative effects of sexual harassment on family physicians and trainees, and
16 17 18	WHEREAS, 30% of female physicians experience sexual harassment and 47% of those feel the harassment has negatively impacted their careers, and
19 20 21	WHEREAS, 69% of female medical students report some form of gender discrimination or sexual harassment, and
22 23	WHEREAS, women are underrepresented in leadership roles in medicine, and
24 25	WHEREAS, existing AAFP policy aims to build support for women in leadership positions, and
26 27 28	WHEREAS, the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) has a policy stating that residency programs must have a process for managing sexual harassment claims, and
29 30 31 32	WHEREAS, the Liaison Committee on Medical Education and the Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation do not have explicit policies on sexual harassment in their Standards for Accreditation, and
33 34 35	WHEREAS, 87-94% of employees experiencing harassment do not file a formal complaint, now, therefore, be it
36 37 38 39	RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians expand the existing policy statement on violence, harassment, and bullying to include information about the negative impact of sexual harassment on family physicians and medical trainees, and be it further
40 41	RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) provide online resources on the AAFP website for physicians dealing with sexual harassment in the workplace perpetrated

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by colleagues, superiors, or patients, and be it further

- RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians schedule sessions at Family Medicine Experience and at the National Conference for Family Medicine Residents and
- 46 Medical Students meeting about sexual harassment, and be it further,

- RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians issue a position statement that encourages medical schools and residencies to have trusted, clearly defined, accessible complaint
- 50 procedures to address sexual harassment.



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#### Resolution No. 3009

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Access to Evidence-Based HIV Prevention Strategies in State and Federal Correction Systems

3 Submitted by: Marty Player, MD, LGBT 4 Joanna Bisgrove, MD, LGBT 5 Scott Nass, MD MPA FAAFP, General Registrant 6 7 WHEREAS, HIV rates among incarcerated populations are estimated to be 1-2%, a prevalence 8 rate greater than three times that of the general population and accounting for greater than 20,000 9 known diagnoses within state and federal prisons in 2010, and 10 11 WHEREAS, only 19 states mandate HIV testing at entry into the prison system, and 12 13 WHEREAS, prevalence of all sexually transmitted infections (STIs) is increased among current and 14 former inmates relative to the general population, and 15 16 WHEREAS, abstinence-only policies by federal and all state prison systems contribute to 17 increased rates of sexual coercion and violence, and 18 19 WHEREAS, increased prevalence of HIV and STIs among incarcerated individuals leads to 20 increased rates within communities upon inmate release, and 21 22 WHEREAS, condoms are legally permitted in state prisons by only California, Mississippi (for 23 conjugal visits only), and Vermont, and are not allowed in federal prisons; and previous federal and 24 state legislative attempts to grant access have met with significant, and 25 26 WHEREAS, HIV Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) as a means of reducing transmission is not 27 available in any state prison system nor the federal prison system, and has not been studied in this 28 context, and 29 30 WHEREAS, PrEP has been proven effective in populations at high-risk for contracting HIV, 31 including individuals engaging in condomless sex with detectable HIV+ persons and those 32 engaging in condomless sex with multiple partners of unknown HIV status/control, now, therefore, 33 be it 34 35 RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians send a letter to the Federal Bureau 36 of Prisons requesting integration of Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) – including medication, 37 condoms, education, and frequent HIV/sexually transmitted infection screening - into routine HIV 38 prevention strategies at the federal prison level, and be it further 39 40 RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians update its "Incarceration and 41 Health: A Family Medicine Perspective" Position Paper to recommend integration of Pre-Exposure 42 Prophylaxis (PrEP) – including medication, condoms, education, and frequent HIV/sexually

- transmitted infection screening into routine HIV prevention strategies for incarcerated personas at all levels of government, and be it further 43 44
- RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians create a State Legislative Issue 46
- Backgrounder to recommend integration of Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) including medication, condoms, education, and frequent HIV/sexually transmitted infection screening. 47

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1 2	The Fourth Trimester		
3 4 5 6 7 8	Submitted by:	Marie-Elizabeth Ramas, MD, FAAFP, Minority Mercedes Giles, MD, General Registrant Moazzum Bajwa, MD, IMG Lisa Lavadie-Gomez, MD, Minority Sheleatha Taylor-Bristow, MD, New Physician Victoria Udezi, MD, General Registrant	
10 11 12	WHEREAS, The postpartum period encompasses many levels of maternal and neonatal transitions, and		
13 14 15	WHEREAS, we recognize that maternal morbidity and mortality is not limited to prenatal and perinatal care, and		
16 17 18		to 40% of women who give birth do not attend a postpartum visit, and increasing postpartum visits is a developmental goal for Healthy People 2020, and	
19 20 21	WHEREAS, indigent and underrepesented populations have limited access to comprehensive maternity care, and		
22 23 24		e burden of chronic medical disease and postpartum complications are higher t patients and underrepresented minority communities, and	
25 26 27	WHEREAS, ur morbidity, and	nder utilization of postpartum care has negative implications for ongoing maternal	
28 29 30		e average woman goes back to work within 30 days and postpartum visits are eks after delivery, and	
31 32 33	WHEREAS, the six weeks, and	e reimbursement for routine maternity care is often limited to one postpartum visit at	
34 35 36	WHEREAS, the dollars, and	e estimated annual cost of maternal morbidity and mortality approaches billions of	
37 38 39 40		ne American Congress of Obstetricians and Gyecologists endorses the optimization care to include individualized and comprehensive maternal-centered care, now,	
41 42 43	postpartum per	hat the American Academy of Family Physicians support the optimization of the riod to include comprehensive maternal-centric partnership during the entirety of the riod, and be it further	

RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians support American Congress of Obstetricians and Gyecologists' committee opinion on the personalization of postpartum care, and
be it further

 RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians study the fiscal impact of more comprehensive and personalized postpartum care, including, but not limited to, the potential saving of economic burden via reduction of disparities.



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## **Resolution No. 3011**

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1 2	Shackles on Women During Active Labor and Immediate Postpartum
3 4 5 6 7	Submitted by: Jewell Carr, MD, New Physician Talia Aron, MD, Women Sandra Hughes, MD, Women Nichole Johnson, MD, LGBT
8 9 10	WHEREAS, Incarcerated individuals who are pregnant are frequently shackled throughout their pregnancy, including during labor, delivery, and the immediate postpartum period, and
11 12 13 14	WHEREAS, the use of shackles during labor and immediate postpartum care interferes with the ability of health care providers to safely care for the patient and fetus, which can lead to delays in appropriate evaluation and subsequent administration of potentially life saving measures and
15 16 17	WHEREAS, in the United States approximately 64% of women in prison have been convicted of non-violent crime, and
18 19 20	WHEREAS, no escape attempts have been reported among pregnant incarcerated women who were not shackled, and
21 22 23	WHEREAS, ambulation during active labor and delivery improves pain management in labor and increases the likelihood of having a vaginal delivery, and
24 25 26 27	WHEREAS, the ability for people to move or be moved during active labor and delivery is essential to the proper management of many obstetrical emergencies as outlined in the American Academy of Family Physicians, Advanced Life Support in Obstetrics curriculum, and
28 29 30 31	WHEREAS, skin-to-skin contact is the standard of care for healthy newborns in the newborn period to optimize the infant's health during the neonatal transition, facilitate bonding, and decrease pain during neonatal procedures, and
32 33 34	WHEREAS, pregnant and postpartum individuals are at increased risk of venous thromboembolism, a major cause of maternal mortality in the United States, and
35 36	WHEREAS, limited mobility further increases risk of venous thromboembolism, and
37 38 39	WHEREAS, both the American Medical Association and American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists have policies opposing the shackling of immediate postpartum patients and individuals in active labor, and
40 41	WHEREAS, the safety of medical staff is of utmost importance and must be ensured with adequate

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correctional staff and use of restraints only in situations when there is risk of imminent harm, and

- WHEREAS, federal courts have ruled that shackling during active labor violates the 8th Amendment to the United States Constitution, now, therefore, be it 44
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- RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians oppose the shackling of 47
- incarcerated people who are in active labor and during the postpartum period, considered to be six 48
- to eight weeks after delivery, with proper safety protections for the healthcare team. 49



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"It's On Us" to Stop Sexual Assault 1 2 3 Submitted by: Kevin Bernstein, MD, MS, USN, FAAFP, New Physician 4 Cathleen London, MD, Women 5 Yadira Acevedo, MD, New Physician 6 Monjur Alam, MD, New Physician 7 Meshia Waleh, MD, New Physician 8 Audrey Falconi, DO, Women Patrick Simpson, MD, LGBT 9 Sarah Marks, MD, FAAFP, LGBT 10 Margaret Smith, MD, MPH, MHSA, Minority 11 12 Jessica Richmond, MD, FAAFP, New Physician 13 Anita Ravi, MD, MPH, MSHP, FAAFP, New Physicians Joanna Bisgrove, MD, FAAFP, LGBT 14 15 16 WHEREAS, Sexual violence is a serious public health problem that affects millions of women and 17 men, and 18 19 WHEREAS, in the United States, one in three women and one in six men have experienced sexual 20 violence involving physical contact at some point in their lives, and 21 22 WHEREAS, statistics underestimate the problem because many victims do not tell the police, 23 family, or friends about the violence, and 24 25 WHEREAS, one in five women and one in 16 men have experienced sexual assault in college, and 26 27 WHEREAS, "It's On Us" is a campaign launched following recommendations from the White House 28 Task Force to Prevent Sexual Assault that noted the importance of engaging everyone in the 29 conversation to end sexual violence, and 30 31 WHEREAS, "It's On Us" asks everyone – students, community leaders, parents, organizations, and companies - to step up and realize that the conversation changes with us, and 32 33 34 WHEREAS, "It's On Us" combines innovative, creative content and grassroots organizing 35 techniques to spark conversation on a national and local level - over the past two years, almost 36 300,000 people have taken a stand against sexual violence by taking the "It's On Us" pledge, and 37 38 WHEREAS, "It's On Us" works with 95 partners and students on over 500 college campuses and 39 tasks all people to take up the responsibility for preventing sexual assault, and 40 41 WHEREAS, family physicians are uniquely positioned in caring for college-age students as most 42 require a physician's visit and immunization prior to starting college, and 43

- WHEREAS, the American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) position paper on "Violence" and "Intimate Partner Violence" supports efforts of the "It's On Us" and "MeToo" campaigns, now, therefore be it
- 46 therefore, be it 47
- RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians take action to support current policy by becoming a medical organization partner of the White House Task Force to Prevent
- 50 Sexual Assault "It's On Us" campaign for college campus sexual assault prevention.



# **Resolution No. 3013**

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1	Promoting Safe Schools
2 3 4 5 6	Submitted by: Kristin Mack, DO, General Registrant Nykki Boersma, MD, Women Bridget Lynch, MD, Women
7 8 9	WHEREAS, The American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) recognizes violence as a public health concern, and
10 11 12	WHEREAS, school violence has had an escalating impact with 141 individuals killed in a mass murder or attempted mass murder at a school since 1999, and
13 14 15	WHEREAS, family physicians are in contact with at-risk adolescents not identified within the legal system since 73% of school shooters have no prior criminal record, not even arrests, and
16 17 18	WHEREAS, a significant number of adolescents aged 15 or younger have committed or attempted a mass school shooting since 1999, and
19 20 21 22	WHEREAS, the AAFP recognizes that "violence disproportionately affects vulnerable populations such as women, children, lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, questioning, and intersex individuals, and those living in poverty, among others," and
23 24 25 26	WHEREAS, a meta-analysis of the limited research suggests that the programs aimed at school violence prevention are more successful with implementation of cognitive-behavioral strategies, multi-setting atmosphere, and early prevention, and
27 28 29	WHEREAS, some family physicians act as medical directors of school systems or are community health representatives on school health councils, now, therefore, be it
30 31	RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians develop or collect and disseminate education on successful community-based approaches to school violence prevention.



Recipes For Life

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United States, and be it further

# **Resolution No. 3014**

2018 National Conference of Constituency Leaders — Sheraton Kansas City Hotel at Crown Center

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3 4 5	Submitted by: Venis Wilder, MD, Minority Marie Ramas, MD, FAAFP, Minority Jennifer Brull, MD, FAAFP, Women
6 7	Kandie Tate, MD, FAAFP, Women
8 9	WHEREAS, There are health disparities in the United States that disproportionately affect the health outcomes of African-Americans and Latinos in the United States, and
10 11 12 13	WHEREAS, underserved minorities who live in inner city areas often live in food deserts and food mirages without access to a variety of fruits and vegetables, and
14 15 16	WHEREAS, gentrification in urban centers have attracted bigger chain grocery stores to these traditionally underserved communities posing new opportunities for partnership, and
17 18 19	WHEREAS, chronic diseases adversely and disproportionately affect people of color and are largely caused by food access and choices, and
20 21 22 23 24	WHEREAS, there is an existing program in Harlem (Recipes for Life with The City Doc and HarlemDocs) that has successfully partnered with the local Whole Foods to provide monthly workshops to community members, including topics on nutrition and chronic disease education, and
25 26 27 28	WHEREAS, the existing program structure of Recipes for Life includes a family physician champion, a possible specialist collaborating partner from the community, a caterer who also provides nutrition education, and a disc jockey for entertainment, and
29 30 31	WHEREAS, other family physicians are interested in reproducing this model including a possible expansion in Seattle, Washington in the near future, and
32 33 34	WHEREAS, an opportune time to impact patient's individual behavior about food selection is in the actual place they are selecting food – the grocery store in the community, and
35 36 37 38	WHEREAS, the American Academy of Family Physicians has recently dedicated resources to the new Center for Health Equity in order to address social determinants of health which food access is one of these, now, therefore, be it
39 40	RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians financially support a pilot program to replicate the "Recipes for Life Program" to be implemented in multiple urban centers across the

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- RESOLVED, That the American Academy of Family Physicians collaborate with large-chain grocery stores across the nation to develop creative ways to impact health outcomes in communities of color. 44
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1 2	Sexual Consent		
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Submitted by:	Jessica Richmond, MD, FAAFP, New Physician Meshia Waleh, MD, New Physician Jenna Ridlen, DO, General Registrant Cathleen London, MD, Women Anita Ravi, MD, MPH, MSHP, FAAFP, General Registrant Audrey Falconi, DO, Women Monjur Alam, MD, New Physician Yadira Acevedo, MD, New Physician Kevin Bernstein, MD, MS, USN, FAAFP, New Physician	
12 13 14 15	WHEREAS, One in fi United States (U.S.),	ve women and one in 71 men will be raped at some point in their lives in the and	
16 17 18		, rape costs the U.S. more than any other crime (\$127 billion), followed by murder (\$71 billion), and drunk driving, including fatalities (\$61 billion), and	
19 20 21	WHEREAS, 20% - 25 their time in college, a	5% of college women and 15% of college men are victims of forced sex during and	
22 23 24 25	within the physician's	rican Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) policy on Violence includes role, a response to include "Provide primary prevention through patient thy relationships," and	
26 27 28 29 30	that the AAFP recommended adolescent patients of takes place against of takes place against of the takes place against of takes place against of the takes place against of takes place	P policy on "Adolescent Healthcare, Sexuality and Contraception" indicates mends that "Family physicians should discuss with and educate their in the concept of consent to sexual activity and what to do if sexual contact ne's consent" but does not have a policy which expands this recommendation eneral, now, therefore, be it	
31 32 33 34 35		e American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) create a policy on sexual atement acknowledging that consent in sexual encounters is a public health er	
36 37 38 39 40	health, a recommend	e American Academy of Family Physicians include in a new policy on sexual ation that family physicians should discuss with and educate all patients on int to sexual activity and what to do if sexual contact takes place against one's ther	
41 42 43		e American Academy of Family Physicians create a Consent Toolkit to include ng patients on sexual consent, bodily autonomy, and other age appropriate	